Big Ideas in 2.3 and Key Questions

IB Unit 2.3: Unit Question Big Question: Growth

HL 1 2014 May

- 3a) Explain two factors which might cause economic growth. (10 marks)
- 3b) Evaluate the view that the benefits of economic growth will always outweigh the costs. (15 marks)

IB Unit 2.3: Unit Question Big Question: Inflation

SP1 2014-November

- 3 (a) Explain the difference between cost-push and demand-pull inflation. [10 marks]
- 3 (b) "A rise in the inflation rate will always result in negative consequences for the economy." To what extent is this statement true? [15 marks] N14/3/ECONO/SP1/ENG/TZ0/XX

IB Unit 2.3: Unit Question Big Question: Unemployment

HL1 2014-November

- 3. (a) Distinguish between structural and demand-deficient unemployment. [10 marks]
- (b) Discuss the view that the problem of unemployment can be reduced through the use of supply-side policies.

(Note: a similar question could also ask you to consider connection between unemployment and demand side policies.)

N14/3/ECONO/HP1/ENG/TZ0/XX

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IB Unit 2.3: Unit Question Big Question: Income Distribution SECTION B

- 4. (a) Using an appropriate diagram, explain how a recession might lead to more poverty. [10 marks]
- (b) Evaluate the view that attempts to achieve greater equity in the distribution of income will reduce economic efficiency. [15 marks]

N14/3/ECONO/SP1/ENG/TZ0/XX

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Big Ideas in 2.3 and Key Questions

SL1 + HL1

Macroeconomics

3. (a) Explain the difference between cost-push and demand-pull inflation. [10 marks] (b) "A rise in the inflation rate will always result in negative consequences for the economy." To what extent is this statement true? [15 marks] N14/3/ECONO/SP1/ENG/TZ0/XX

SL paper 1 2010-May

2b Evaluate the effectiveness of and increase in investment expenditure on the performance of an economy. 15/25

HL paper 1 2010-May

2b Evaluate the likely effects on the economy of relying on demand-side policies to reduce the unemployment rate. 15/25

SL paper 1 2009-May

2b Evaluate the view that the unemployment rate can be most effectively reduced through the use of measures designed to increase aggregate demand in an economy. 15/25 marks

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